

JCST Quality Indicators for Surgical Training - Otolaryngology

The new Quality Indicators (QIs) will apply from August 2021. There are 10 'generic' QIs for all surgical training placements that are followed by specialty-specific QIs.

The SACs have undertaken a review of the specialty-specific QIs to ensure they are aligned with the new August 2021 curriculum. If you have any feedback on the QIs please email qa@jcst.org.

Quality Indicators for Surgical Training

QI 1	Trainees in surgery should be allocated to approved posts commensurate with their phase of training and appropriate to the educational opportunities available in that post (particular consideration should be given to the needs of less than fulltime trainees). Due consideration should be given to individual training requirements to minimise competition for educational opportunities.
QI 2	Trainees in surgery should have at least 2 hours of facilitated formal teaching each week (on average). For example, locally/regionally/nationally provided teaching, educational induction, simulation training, specialty meetings, journal clubs, x-ray meetings, MDT meetings.
QI 3	Trainees in surgery must have the opportunity and study time to complete and present audit, patient safety or quality improvement projects during each post, such that they will have had the opportunity to have completed three such projects by certification.
QI 4	Trainees in surgery should have easy access to educational facilities, including library and IT resources, for personal study, audit and research and their timetables should include protected time to allow for this.
QI 5	Trainees in surgery should be able to access study leave ("curriculum delivery") with expenses or funding appropriate to their specialty and personal progression through their phase of training.
QI 6	Trainees in surgery must be assigned an educational supervisor and should have negotiated a learning agreement within six weeks of commencing each post.
QI 7	Trainees in surgery must have the opportunity to complete the Workplace Based Assessments (WBAs) required by their current curriculum, with an appropriate degree of reflection and feedback. Specifically, the mandatory Workplace Based Assessments in critical conditions and index procedures defined by the current curriculum should be facilitated.
QI 8	Trainees in surgery should have the opportunity to participate in all operative briefings with use of the WHO checklist or equivalent.
QI 9	Trainees in surgery should have the opportunity to receive simulation training where it supports curriculum delivery.

<p>QI 10</p>	<p>Trainees in surgery must have the opportunity to develop the full range of Capabilities in Practice (CiPs) and Generic Professional Capabilities (GPCs), as defined by the current curriculum.</p> <p>Timely midpoint and end of placement Multiple Consultant Reports (MCRs) should be led and performed by trainers, with feedback and discussion of outputs. The focus of the placement should reflect the areas for development identified at the midpoint MCR or previous end of placement MCR.</p>
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Quality Indicators for Otolaryngology

<p>QI 11</p>	<p>All trainees in Otolaryngology should undertake at least three clinics each week (on average), including emergency clinics. Where possible, one clinic should be a special interest clinic. Clinics to conform to the current ENTUK guidelines for trainees, with a mix of new and follow-up patients.</p>
<p>QI 12</p>	<p>Trainees in Otolaryngology in Phase 2 and Phase 3 should participate in at least four operating lists each week (on average) and work in a unit with an indicative throughput of 500 operations per trainee per year.</p>
<p>QI 13</p>	<p>All trainees in Otolaryngology should have the opportunity to manage patients presenting as an emergency under supervision as part of weekly rostered work. Trainees should have 24 hour access to appropriate facilities to allow them to assess patients (i.e. microscope, nasendoscope etc.).</p>
<p>QI 14</p>	<p>All trainees in Otolaryngology should have the opportunity to operate, under supervision, on the range of elective and emergency conditions as defined by the curriculum.</p>
<p>QI 15</p>	<p>All trainees in Otolaryngology should be appropriately supported with regard to emergency admissions. All Otolaryngology emergency admissions in the department hosting the trainee should be reviewed as part of a ward round within 24 hours of admission, attended by a consultant.</p>