### JCST Quality Indicators for Surgical Training - Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery

There are 10 'generic' QIs for all surgical training and JCST fellowship placements that are followed by specialty-specific QIs. If you have any feedback on the QIs please email <a href="mailto:qa@jcst.org">qa@jcst.org</a>.

#### **Quality Indicators for Surgical Training**

QI 1	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery should be allocated to approved posts commensurate with their phase of training and appropriate to the educational opportunities available in that post (particular consideration should be given to the needs of less than full-time trainees). Due consideration should be given to individual training requirements to minimise competition for educational opportunities.
QI 2	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery should have at least two hours of facilitated formal teaching each week (on average). For example, locally/regionally/nationally provided teaching, educational induction, simulation training, specialty meetings, journal clubs, x-ray meetings, MDT meetings.
QI 3	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery must have the opportunity and study time to complete and present audit, patient safety or quality improvement projects during each post, such that Trainees will have had the opportunity to have completed three such projects by certification <sup>2</sup> .
QI 4	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery should have easy access to educational facilities, including library and IT resources, for personal study, audit and research and their timetables should include protected time to allow for this.
QI 5	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery should be able to access study leave ("curriculum delivery") with expenses or funding appropriate to their specialty and personal progression through their phase of training.
QI 6	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery must be assigned an educational supervisor and should have negotiated a learning agreement within six weeks of commencing each post.
QI 7	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery must have the opportunity to complete the Workplace Based Assessments (WBAs) required by their current curriculum, with an appropriate degree of reflection and feedback. Specifically, the mandatory Workplace Based Assessments in critical conditions and index procedures defined by the current curriculum should be facilitated.
QI 8	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery should have the opportunity to participate in all operative briefings with use of the WHO checklist or equivalent.
QI 9	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery should have the opportunity to receive simulation training where it supports curriculum delivery.
QI 10	Trainees/Fellows <sup>1</sup> in surgery must have the opportunity to develop the full range of Capabilities in Practice (CiPs) and Generic Professional Capabilities (GPCs), as defined by the current curriculum.
	Timely midpoint and end of placement Multiple Consultant Reports (MCRs) should be led and performed by trainers, with feedback and discussion of outputs. The focus of the placement should reflect the areas for development identified at the midpoint MCR or previous end of placement MCR.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>JCST post-certification Fellows. Fellowship placements are based on an approved surgical curriculum template and use the same 'generic' quality indicators as used for specialty trainee placements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See <u>JCST post-certification fellowship curriculum</u> for research and audit requirements for JCST Fellows. A JCST post-certification fellowship placement should provide opportunity for research and audit.

# **Quality Indicators for Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery**

## Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery - All Trainees

QI 11	All Trainees in OMFS should have the opportunity to attend at least four consultant-supervised theatre sessions each week (on average).
QI 12	All Trainees in OMFS should have the opportunity to attend at least two consultant- supervised outpatient clinics each week (on average), including specialty clinics,
	and should see a mix of new and follow-up patients.
QI 13	All Trainees in OMFS should have the opportunity to be involved with the
	management of patients presenting as an emergency at least one day each week (on average), under supervision and appropriate to their phase of training.
QI 14	All Trainees in OMFS should have the opportunity to attend an MDT each week (on average).
QI 15	All Trainees in OMFS should have one session each week (on average) protected study time, which would usually be expected to result in publications / presentations.
QI 16	All Trainees in OMFS should be supported in accessing training opportunities outwith the training region where opportunities are not available within the training region in order to meet the requirements of the curriculum e.g. craniofacial surgery, cleft lip and palate surgery, temporomandibular joint (TMJ) replacement, aesthetic surgery.
QI 17	All Trainees in OMFS should have access to opportunities to undertake management experience in the NHS.

# Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Phase 1

QI 18	Trainees in OMFS in Phase 1 should have the opportunity to meet with
	representatives of the specialty training programme to discuss training
	requirements and career development. This should include the specialty Training
	Programme Director.

## Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Phase 2

QI 19	Trainees in OMFS in Phase 2 should have the opportunity to operate, under
	supervision, on a range of elective and emergency conditions as defined by the
	curriculum for Phase 2. This should allow the Trainees to meet the expected
	competencies and indicative numbers in the OMFS indexed procedures.

#### Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Phase 3

Q	)I 20	Trainees in OMFS in Phase 3 should have the opportunity to operate,
		independently or with minimal supervision, on a range of elective and emergency
		conditions as defined by the curriculum for Phase 3. This should allow the Trainees to meet the expected competencies and indicative numbers in the OMFS indexed procedures.